Shakespeare

Description

How do Shakespeare's plays represent the relationship between violence, particularly state violence, and morality? How is the theater similar to surveillance, a mechanism for probing the interiority of characters like Hamlet? In what ways is such surveillance necessary to make persons free and autonomous? How do these plays and poems represent desire and exchange, in both sexual and economic realms? This course serves as an introduction to Shakespeare's plays and poems, via three conceptual issues: 1) violence, justice, and morality; 2) surveillance and selfhood; 3) the relationship between desire and its exchangeable objects. The goal of this topical organization is to provide you with a host of different ways to engage and respond to this gargantuan entity, "Shakespeare." In this course, we'll examine the historical circumstances in which Shakespeare's plays appeared. More importantly, however, we will examine the literary and formal aspects of these plays and poems, how they work as aesthetic objects. In addition to providing an introductory survey of Shakespeare's work, the primary goal of this course is to make you a sophisticated reader of and a critically engaged respondent to Shakespeare. That means that we'll be examining how these plays mean and how they function, not just what they mean. Thus, we will focus considerable attention on how to write intelligently, seriously, and thoughtfully about Shakespeare.

Readings

Moral Violence

Titus Andronicus Henry V

Theater's Surveillance

Hamlet Measure for Measure

Desiring Exchange

The Merchant of Venice As You Like It Venus and Adonis Sonnets

Text

Stephen Greenblatt, ed. *The Norton Shakespeare*. 3rd ed. New York: W.W. Norton, 2015. ISBN: 978-0393249835.

Available at Bookworm, 618 E. Walnut St., Carbondale, IL 62901 Rely on the University Bookstore at your peril

Requirements

Six analysis papers, two short-answer exams, two recitations of memorized passages.